SONGS OF THE KINDSONGS OF THE

A CONGREGATIONAL CONCERT OF PRAISE THROUGH THE PSALMS

October 26, 2025

Be filled with the Spirit, addressing one another in psalms and hymns and spiritual songs, singing and making melody to the Lord with your heart..."

–Ephesians 5:18-19



Program Order



Introduction to Songs of the King

The Gateway to the Psalms Psalms 1 & 2

Book One Psalms 3 & 41

(Dismissal for Children's Program)

Book Two Psalms 42 & 72

Book Three Psalms 73 & 89

Book Four Psalms 90 & 106

Book Five Psalms 107, 145, & 150

Benediction

All are invited to a reception in the Fellowship Hall following the concert.

Instructions for the Congregation

This evening's program is not a performance, but an act of worship and praise. You—the congregation—are the primary choir. We invite you to lift your voices and sing from your heart to the Lord!

When to Stand and Sit

Notations to sit and stand are found at the top of the first page of each Psalm.

When to Sing

The congregation will sing all **bolded verses**. Any verses in *regular italics* will be sung only by the choir and soloists.

Children's Program

After Psalm 41 is sung, children ages 4 through 2nd grade are invited to meet at the back of the Fellowship Hall for a special children's program. Parents, please pick up your children after the service in the New Testament Hall.

Please hold all applause until after the benediction.

A Note from the Composer

When I was first introduced to the opportunity of composing new music for Songs of the King, the range of human emotions and the prevailing presence of God was evident. The text of the thirteen chosen Psalms inspired diversity in the melodies and harmonies. This challenged me to compose and orchestrate music that was reflective of the text, singable by the congregation, and honoring to God.

-Ronald Owen

Introduction to Songs of the King

Welcome to *Songs of the King*—a congregational concert of praise through the Psalms!

The book of Psalms is no random collection of Hebrew poetry. But it is a carefully crafted whole composed of five books—Book One (Pss. 1-41), Book Two (Pss. 42-72), Book Three (Pss. 73-89), Book Four (Pss. 90-106), and Book Five (Pss. 107-150).

Each of these five books is set apart by a concluding doxology (Pss. 41:13; 72:19; 89:52; 106:48; 150:6), and the entire Psalter ends with a cymbal-clashing, fivefold finale of praise (Pss. 146-150). Considering this fivefold structure, the ancient Jewish rabbis observed that, just as Moses gave the five books of the Law to Israel, so King David set God's Word to music with the five books of the Psalms.

The book of Psalms is like a fine quartet. When the voices of all the psalmists are combined in perfect harmony, you can hear a mysterious "fifth voice" ring out above the rest. The whole is greater than the sum of its parts. And when taken together, the overarching message that soars above all the other voices is a royal announcement. We call the Psalms "Songs of the King" not only because so many of them were written by King David but because the whole book heralds this good news—The Lord reigns through his Anointed One!

The Psalms are ultimately about Jesus (Luke 24:44), great David's greater son, our great King and ultimate Choirmaster who is himself our "song" (Ps. 118:14). Indeed, the writer of Hebrews ascribes to Jesus the words of Psalm 22:

I will tell of your name to my brothers; in the midst of the congregation I will sing your praise. —Ps. 22:22; Heb. 2:12¹

King Jesus—who is the church's ultimate Worship Leader, Chief Musician, and Lord of song—lived, died, and fulfilled the Psalms, which he even quoted from the cross (Ps. 22:1). Thus, the Psalms take us on a royal journey with Christ our King and Choirmaster that begins with the blessed man who meditates on God's law day and night (Ps. 1:1) and ends with a universal call to worship (Ps. 150:6). And, as the scholar Gerald Wilson has demonstrated, the development of this royal theme is especially apparent at the seams of the Psalter—that is, the first and last psalm of each of the Psalter's five books.² These "seam psalms" are the specific songs that we are going to sing tonight in this congregational concert of praise. We can't sing 150 psalms in one sitting, but we can sing the overarching story of the Psalms through singing the seams of the Psalter. So, come: add your voice to the choir and "Let everything that has breath praise the Lord!" (Ps. 150:5)

^{1.} Edmund P. Clowney, Moody Monthly (July-August, 1979), 40-42.

^{2.} Gerald H. Wilson, "The Use of Royal Psalms at the 'Seams' of the Hebrew Psalter," JSOT 35 (1986): 85-94.

The Gateway to the Psalms Psalm 1-2

Psalms 1 and 2 are like the pillars of a great gate or archway that introduces the book of Psalms as a whole.

From the outset, Psalm 1 confronts us with a fork in the road, insisting that there are only two ways: one way leads to life; the other to death (Ps. 1:6). Psalm 1 is focused on the blessed man who embodies the way of life. This blessed individual is a royal figure who continually meditates on the word of God, just as the Law of Moses specifically required the King to do (Deut. 17:18-20).

Psalm 2 is focused on the universal reign of this royal figure, the Lord's Anointed (Ps. 2:6). It not only recalls the Davidic covenant, in which God promised to establish David's throne and raise up a royal son whose kingdom would have no end (2 Sam. 7:12-16), but trumpets the central message of the Psalter, that our God reigns for us through his Messiah (Ps. 2:6).

Both Psalms 1 and 2 are bound together by the word "blessed." Psalm 1 begins with the word "blessed" (Ps. 1:1) and Psalm 2 ends with the word "blessed" (Ps. 2:12). Thus, these two pillars of the great archway that usher us into these Songs of the King are draped in blessing from beginning to end.

"Blessed is the man." (Ps. 1:1). Blessed is the King! "Blessed are all who take refuge in him." (Ps. 2:12)

Congregation Stands vv. 2-5



Psalm 1
The Psalter, 1912

Congregation Stands for Entire Psalm





Book One Psalm 1-41

The first book of the Psalter is nothing if not brutally honest. After the twofold introduction of Psalms 1 and 2, the remainder of Book One (Pss. 3-41) is focused on the deep distress and eventual deliverance of the King.

The heading of Psalm 3 specifically locates it within the historical context of 2 Samuel 15, when David was forced to flee Jerusalem because of a rebellion led by his own son, Absalom, who sought to usurp his throne.

Throughout Book One, which is filled with psalms of lament, the King makes his way through the valley of the shadow of death. God's royal Son experiences an onslaught of enemy attacks and even God-forsakenness (Ps. 22:1). But all the while he never ceases to cry out to God, taking refuge in his promised protection (Ps. 23). In so doing, the King gives his people many songs for sighing (e.g., Pss. 10, 13, 22) and teaches us what it means to remain confident in God's care (Pss. 9, 16, 23, 34, 41).

Thus, while expressing even the deepest possible pain, Book One not only begins (Pss. 1:1; 2:12) but ends in blessing (Ps. 41:1, 13). Through the dramatic developments of Book One, the "blessed" man of Psalm 1 who meditates on God's law gives rise to the "blessed" man of Psalm 41, the King "who considers the poor" (41:1) even as he trusts his God who "delivers him" (41:2).

Congregation Stands vv. 3-5



The Book of Psalms for Worship, 2009; alt.

Musical Setting by Ronald Owen (ASCAP)

Congregation Stands







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Last x (vs. 7) to Coda θ



For-ev-er praise the LORD!

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Book Two Psalm 42-72

The focus on King David's personal distress and deliverance in Book One broadens in Book Two to embrace a wider perspective. The royal emphasis continues but expands and escalates in Book Two, which gives greater attention to the corporate dimensions of the kingdom of God. Mount Zion and worship at the temple in Jerusalem, from which "God shines forth" (Ps. 50:2), are major themes that figure prominently in the second book of the Psalter.

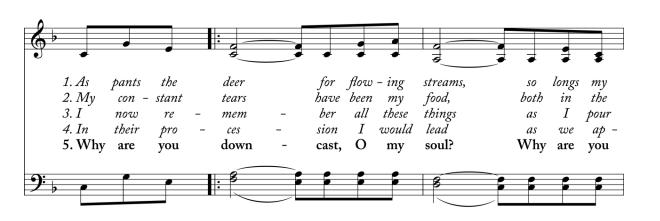
The heading of Psalm 42 attributes it to "the Sons of Korah." This opening psalm of Book Two is the first to be ascribed to any author other than King David. But even this remains the work of the King, for Korah and his sons were among the Levitical musicians that David "put in charge of the service of song in the house of the Lord" (1 Chron. 6:31). Thus, the King sings not as a solo but in harmony with a growing ensemble of choirmasters and musicians, which he assembles to expand the service of song.

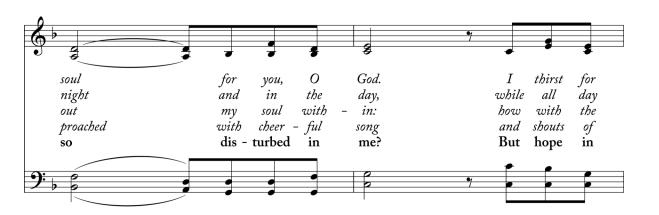
Book Two climaxes with Psalm 72, "Of Solomon," which looks to the future of the Davidic dynasty. This Psalm appears to have originated as a prayer of great David for his greater son and was probably used at the coronation ceremonies of succeeding kings of Israel. Standing at the conclusion of Book Two, Psalm 72 brings "the prayers of David, the son of Jesse" to an end (Ps. 72:20) with a vision of the ideal King who executes perfect justice (vv. 1-4, 12-14) and enjoys unending prosperity and worldwide dominion (vv. 5-11, 15-17). This is a vision which far exceeds anything that any of Israel's kings ever achieved. The psalms that celebrate the king are, according to Bruce Waltke, "like royal robes" with which Israel drapes each successive son of David at his coronation. But none of David's sons—not even Solomon in all his splendor—had "shoulders broad enough" to wear them. "The Psalter's giant robes hang loosely" until, in the fullness of time, a real man and true King, with shoulders broad enough to wear the Psalter's magnificent robes, appears.

1. Bruce Waltke with Cathi J. Fredricks, Genesis: A Commentary (Grand Rapids, MI: Zondervan, 2001), 53.

Congregation Seated for Entire Psalm







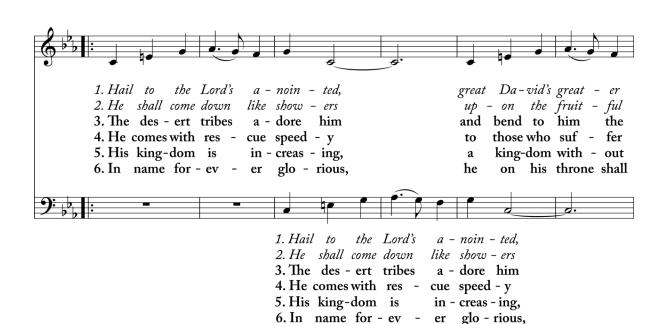


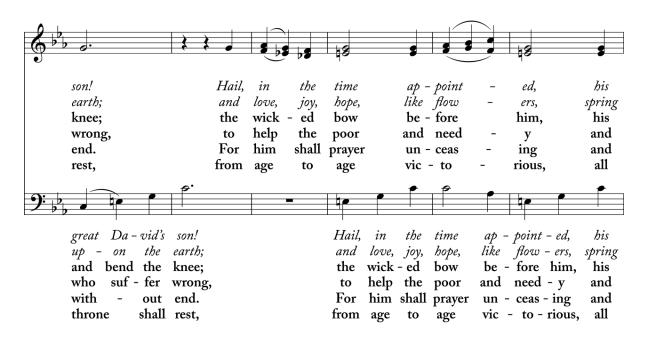
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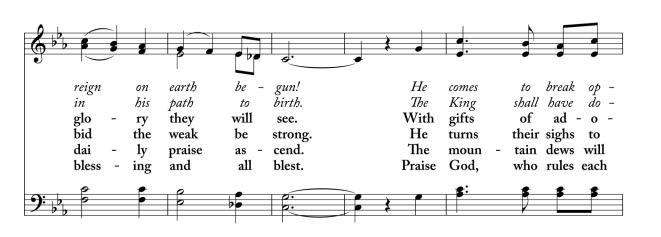
- 6. My soul within me is cast down; I will recall you, LORD, my God from Jordan's land, from Hermon's heights, and from the top of Mizar hill.
- 7. Deep calls to deep, as with a roar your rushing waters plunge and roll. Your waves and breakers fall on me; they overwhelm my very soul.
- 8. By day the LORD directs his love; his song remains with me at night—a prayer to him who is my God, my only source of life and light.
- 9. This will I say to God, my Rock,
 "Why have you, God, forgotten me?
 Why must I go about in grief,
 oppressed by evil enemies?"
- 10. As if to shatter all my bones my foes revile and say to me,"O tell us now, where is your God?"Throughout the day, they scoff at me.
- 11. Why are you downcast, O my soul?
 Why are you so disturbed in me?
 But hope in God, for him I'll praise;
 my Savior God alone is he.

Congregation Stands vv. 3-6











Vers. James Montgomery, 1822 Rev. Burt Polman, 1985 © 1987 CRC Publications/Faith Alive Christian Resources

Musical Setting by Ronald Owen (ASCAP)

Book Three Psalm 73-89

Book Three opens with a personal complaint from Asaph (Ps. 73) that swells into many cries of national lamentation. This third book has been called the "dark" book of the Psalms because it reflects the pitch-black devastation of the exile, which was the greatest crisis of faith God's people ever faced.

In the exile, God's people lost the land, witnessed the destruction of the temple in Jerusalem, and experienced the humiliation of the Davidic monarchy. The Babylonians slaughtered the sons of Zedekiah, the King of Judah, before putting out his eyes and carrying him off into Babylon (2 Kings 25:7). Thus, Book Three moans with bewildered questions:

How long, O God, is the foe to scoff? Is the enemy to revile your name forever? —Ps. 74:10

Lord, where is your steadfast love of old, which by your faithfulness you swore to David? -Ps. 89:49

Book Three stares into the abyss. And yet, even in Psalm 88, the blackest of all the Psalter's laments, which contains no expression of praise but ends with the word "darkness" (88:18), a light flickers precisely because the psalmist never stops crying to God.

Congregation Stands vv. 4-11



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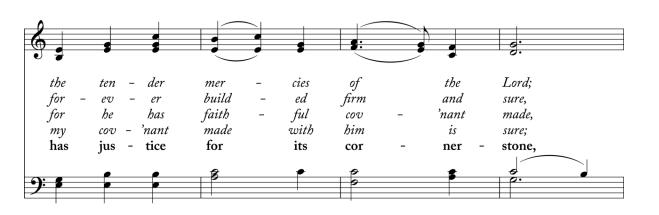


- 7. I entered then God's dwelling place and there I understood their end; you set them in a slippery place, and to destruction them you send. How rapidly destroyed are they, by sudden terrors swept away!
- 8. As from a dream you, Lord, awake; then you their image will despise.
 When pierced, with heart about to break, when bitter thoughts within me rise,
 I senseless was and blind within; a beast before you I have been.
- 9. Yet constantly I am with you; you've taken hold of my right hand. Your counsel shows me what to do, and guides me in the things I plan; and afterward so shall it be, with honor you will welcome me.
- 10. Are you not all I have in heav'n? None else on earth do I desire.

 Though human strength will reach an end, my flesh may fail, my heart expire, my heart's strength God himself will be, my portion through eternity.
- 11. Those far from you will surely die; you cause all faithless ones to cease. But as for me, I will draw nigh. How good that God is near to me! I take my refuge in the LORD, that all your works I may record.

Congregation Seated for All Verses







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- 6. With blessing is the nation crowned whose people know the joyful sound; they in the light, O Lord, shall live, the light your face and favor give.
- 7. Your name with gladness they confess, exalted in your righteousness; their fame and might to you belong, for in your favor they are strong.
- 8. All glory unto God we yield, the Lord God is our help and shield; all praise and honor we will bring to Israel's Holy One, our King.
- 9. Blest be the Lord forevermore, whose promise stands from days of yore. His word is faithful now as then; blest be his name. Amen! Amen!

Book Four Psalm 90-106

The anguished and bewildered cries of Book Three begin to be answered in Book Four, which opens with the one and only psalm attributed to Moses (Ps. 90). In the exile, God's people lost the land, the temple, and the monarchy. But Moses was the leader of God's people before they had any of these. And so, who better to reassure the exiles that their one true home always was and would be God?

Lord, you have been our dwelling place in all generations.

Before the mountains were brought forth, or ever you had formed the earth and the world, from everlasting to everlasting you are God.

—Ps. 90:1-2.

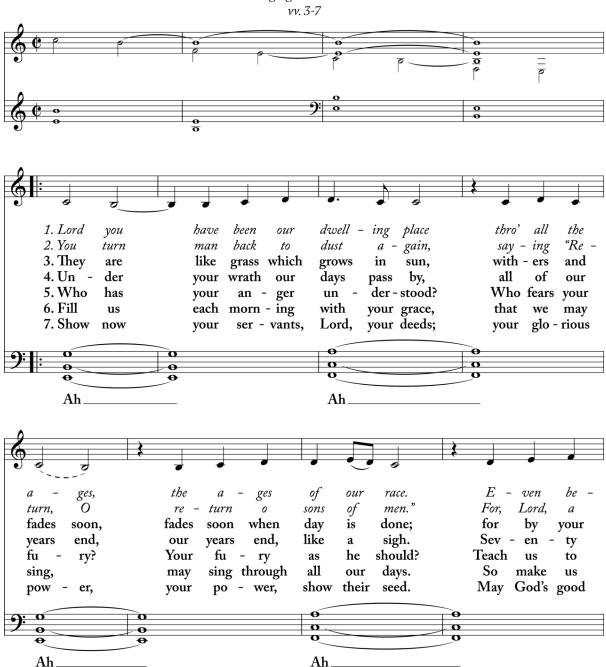
Book Four includes a series of "enthronement psalms" (Pss. 93-99) that celebrate the eternal kingship of God himself, reminding the people that despite the apparent devastation of the Davidic dynasty, God's kingdom cannot fail. The fourth book of the Psalter ends with a recitation of Israel's history in Psalm 106, which emphasizes God's steadfast love and faithfulness despite his people's infidelity.

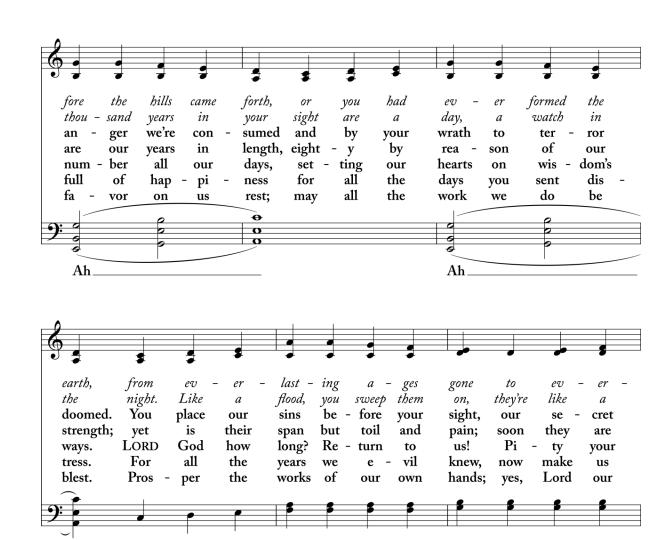
Nevertheless, he looked upon their distress, when he heard their cry.

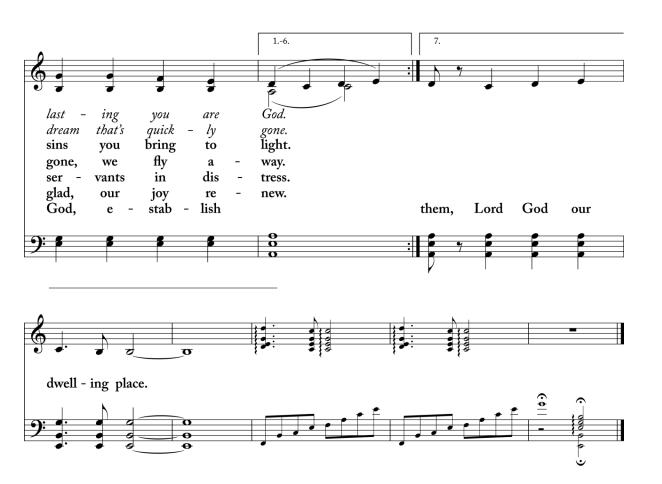
For their sake he remembered his covenant, and relented according to the abundance of his steadfast love. He caused them to be pitied by all those who held them captive.

—Ps. 106:44-46

Congregation Stands







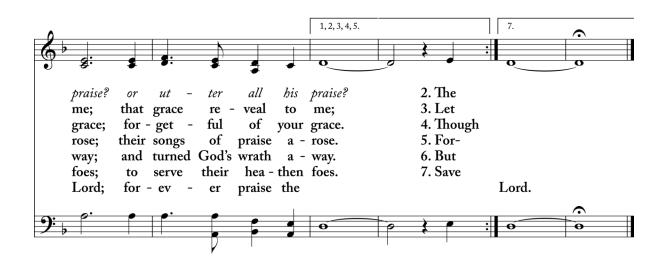
Congregation Stands vv. 2-7



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Book Five Psalm 107-150

The cry for salvation in Book Three and Book Four (106:47) gives way to celebration in Book Five. God's people had been scattered, but now they have been redeemed and regathered from the crisis of exile. Consequently, the opening psalm of Book Five calls upon the redeemed of the Lord to "say so."

Oh give thanks to the Lord, for he is good, for his steadfast love endures forever!
Let the redeemed of the Lord say so, whom he has redeemed from trouble and gathered in from the lands, from the east and from the west, from the north and from the south.

—Ps. 107:1-3

Book Five continues with three consecutive psalms of David (Pss. 108-110), in the last of which (Ps. 110), David envisions an heir to his throne, one of his own sons, whom he nevertheless mysteriously calls "my Lord" (Ps. 110:1). This Psalm is quoted in the New Testament more frequently than any other because it bears such powerful witness to the unique identity of the God-man, Jesus Christ, who is both David's son and David's Lord (Matt. 22:42-45; Mark 12:35-37; Luke 20:41-44). To none other does God say, "sit at my right hand" (Ps. 110:1).

Book Five continues with a number of smaller collections of psalms. These include the "Egyptian Hallel" (Pss. 113-118), which is a series of hymns that were traditionally used at Passover (cf. Matt. 26:30; Mark 14:26) to celebrate Israel's deliverance from Egypt and the "Songs of Ascents" (Pss. 120-134), which were used by travelers making their way up to worship at the temple mount in Jerusalem. One effect of this series of collections is an almost symphonic quality that gradually builds to a crescendo of praise.

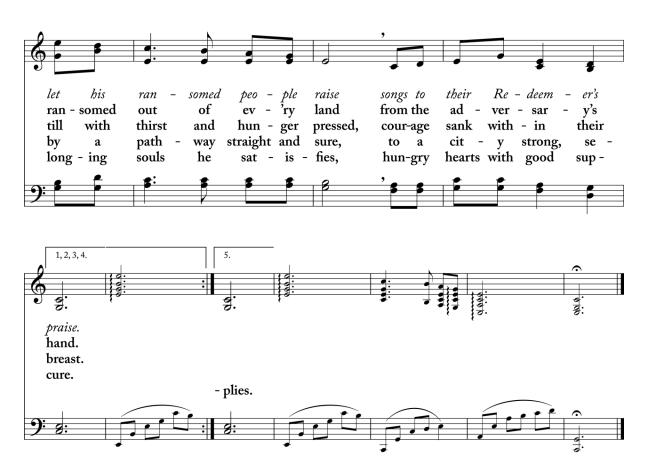
The penultimate collection in Book Five consists of a group of eight psalms (Pss. 138-145), all written by David, that serve to underscore God's unflinching commitment: God's people shall never lack a King in whom to take refuge. The death of the Davidic dynasty described in the Psalter's dark book of exile (Pss. 73-89) is followed by the resurrection and return of royal hope in Books Four and Five. Thus, rejoicing in God's steadfast love and faithfulness, the human king sings to the divine, "I will extol you, my God and King" (Ps. 145:1), before the Psalter explodes in a fivefold finale of praise (Pss. 146-150).

Psalm 107

Congregation Seated for All Verses



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Psalm 145

Congregation Stands for All Verses



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Psalm 150

Congregation Stands for All Verses



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Songs of the King

Ronald Owen, Conductor

CHOIR

CHAMBER ORCHESTRA

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Hannah Pacchioli Leslie Stander Kelly West		Paula Mausser Flute	
ALTO Cristina Brown		Lora MacPherson Oboe, English Horn	
DeAnne Curto Julie Folch		Tamia Dawkins Clarinet	Gabriella Ibarra
Krista Harvey Christy Hayner Mari Heinsen		BRASS Robert Krahn Trumpet	TIMPANI/ PERCUSSION Ian Harvey Matt Malhiot Nick Owen
Susan Newman Susan Reed		Larry Pike Bass Trombone	
Anne Rissman Nancy Sharp Sherry Swindle	PIANO Sarah Birx	ORGAN Will Daniels	

SOLOISTS

Sarah Webster Soprano
Jonathan Lindamood Baritone

Music Composed and Orchestrated by Ronald Owen Psalm texts from various Psalters Narration by Rev. Justin Borger

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